

The Goodwin / York Research Observatory (GYRO)

Neil Rondorf
SAIC



Introduction

GOALS:

- Deploy a state-of-the-art, coastal, cabled observatory in the Chesapeake Bay to address regional environmental and security issues
- Support the Chesapeake Bay Observing System and the Virginia Estuarine and Coastal Observing System through robust, real-time data collection
- Enhance internal capabilities in the areas of cabled observatories, integrated ocean observing, and ocean data management
- Provide a basis for future R&D efforts and sensor studies
- Demonstrate solid academic/industry partnership



Key Partners

- **Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC)**
- **Virginia Institute of Marine Science (VIMS)**
- **Chesapeake Bay National Estuarine Research Reserve in Virginia (CBNERRVA)**
- **NOAA National Data Buoy Center (NDBC)**



Project Requirements

- **Flexible buoy platform**
 - large capacity
 - low maintenance
 - good sea keeping qualities
- **Innovative sensors with COTS H/W to the maximum extent possible**
- **High-bandwidth, 2-way communications in both cabled and RF**
 - operator-commanded
 - autonomous adaptive sampling
- **Renewable power capability**



Initial Instrumentation Loadout

- **Campbell Scientific CR3000 Micrologger**
- **Nortek Aquadopp “Puckhead” current meter**
- **Nortek Aquadopp Profiler**
- **Nortek AWAC Profiler**
 - bottom-mounted, cabled to buoy
- **Falmouth Scientific NXIC CTD**



Buoy Infrastructure Instrumentation

- **Nortek Current Meters**
 - 1 MHz Aquadopp Current Profiler (1.5m)
 - 2 MHz Aquadopp Current Meter (1.2m)
- **Nortek Wave Gage**
 - 1 MHz AWAC
- **Falmouth Scientific CTD Sensor**
- **Solar panels and batteries**
- **Fiber optic cable to land base station**



Instrumentation (cont'd)

- PNI TCM-3 Digital Compass
- Vaisala WXT510 weather transmitter
- Coastal Environmental Weatherpak Met Sensor
- Nortek Vector High Res 3D Velocimeter
 - Bottom-mounted and cabled to buoy
- YSI Datasonde 6600 ocean sensor



Buoy Power

- 2 independent solar arrays and battery storage systems
 - 600 Ah each
- 4 35-watt Siemens solar panels for comms, 5 for sensors
- Good up to 8 “no sun” days
- Reserve capacity for expansion
- 30A charger/controller



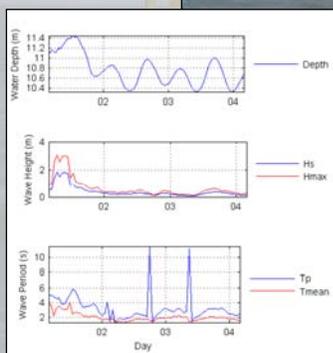
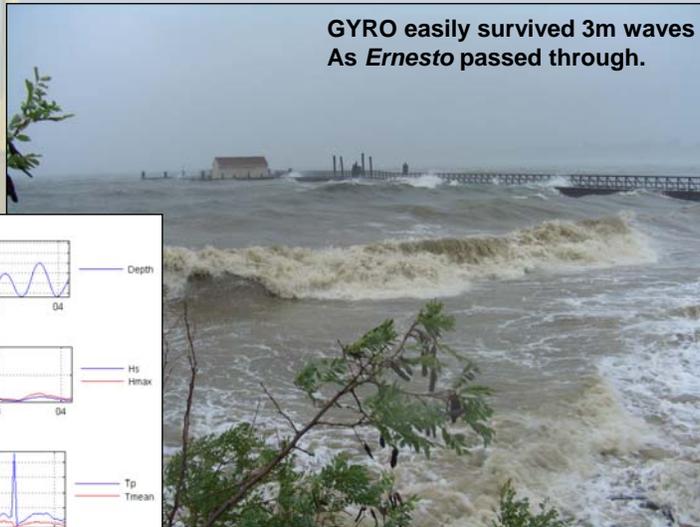
Communications

- Buoy-to-Goodwin Island:
 - 1.4 km of 0.5", single mode, single fiber, armored oceanographic-grade submarine cable (100 Mbps capacity)
 - Currently 4 Ethernet channels (115 kbps each) and up to 4 serial ports (115 kbps)
 - COTS media converter
- Goodwin Island to VIMS:
 - Terabeam Marquee WiFi bridge with 2' diameter dish antennas
 - Identical LAN architecture to buoy (4 Ethernet & 4 serial ports)
 - Provides sustained, reliable communications over an 8 km (over 5 miles) distance

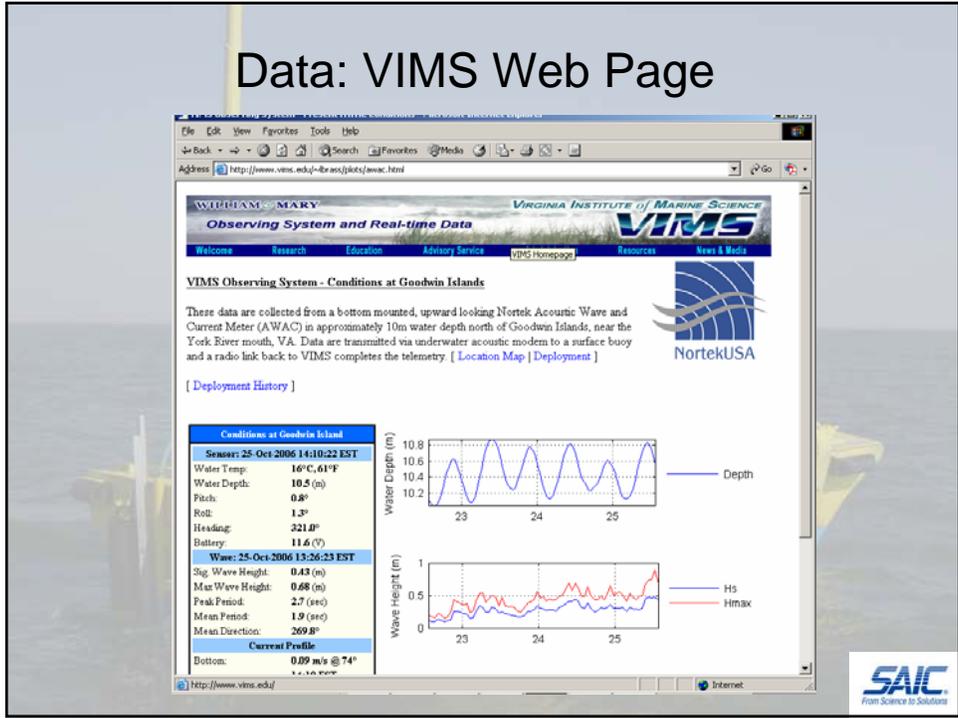


Recent "Weathering of the Storm" *Ernesto*

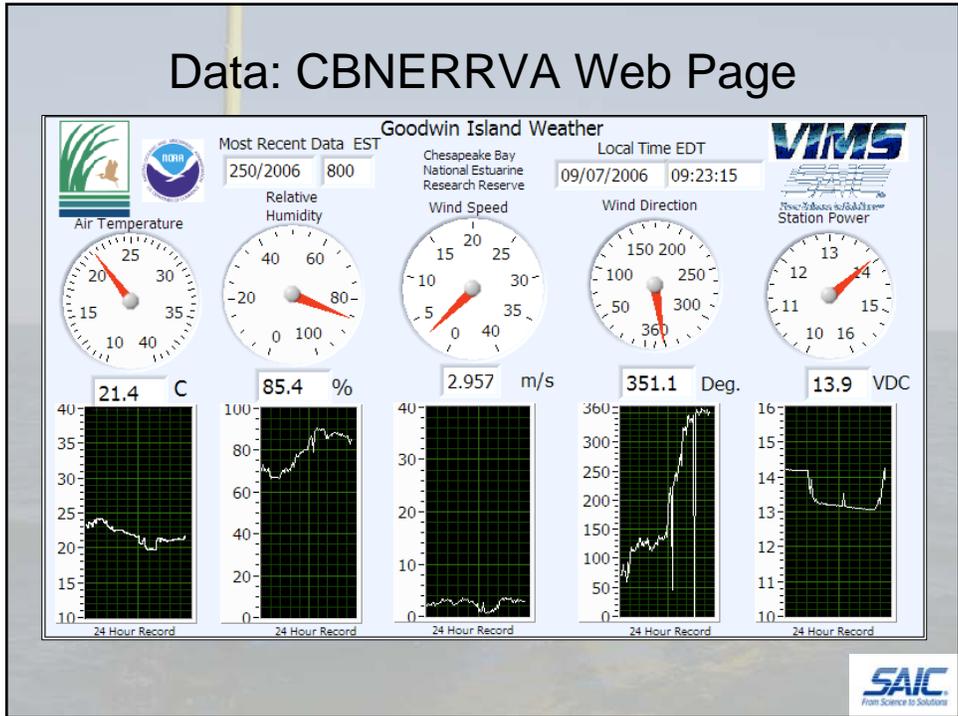
**GYRO easily survived 3m waves
As *Ernesto* passed through.**



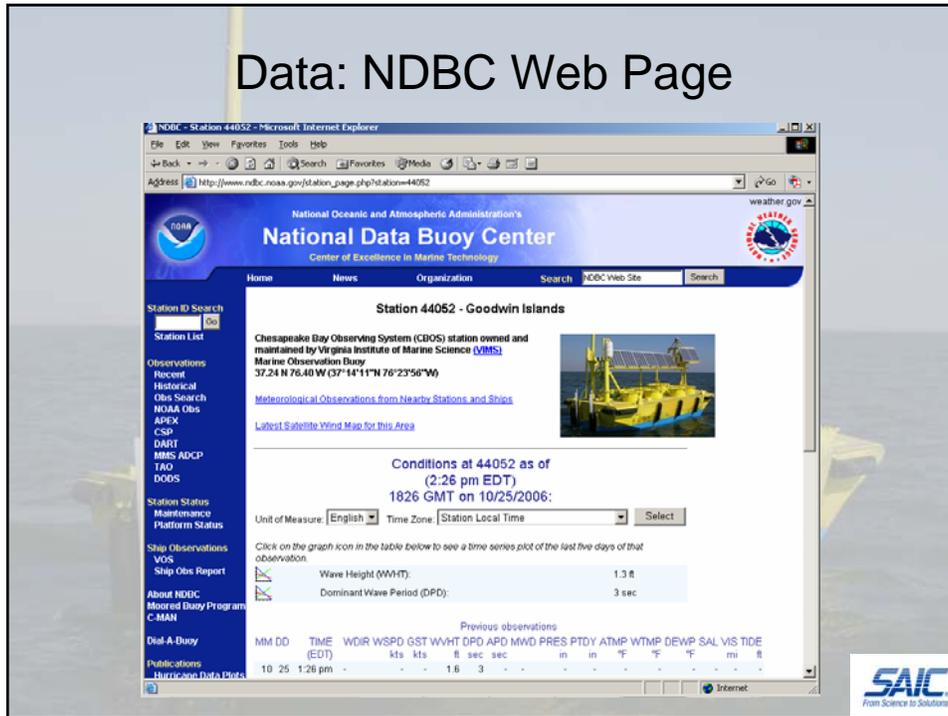
Data: VIMS Web Page



Data: CBNERRVA Web Page



Data: NDBC Web Page



Summary

- The GYRO project demonstrated successful industry / academia/ government collaboration on a complicated ocean observing project
- GYRO system data are contributing to a robust and extensive observing system that may be significant to the long term health of the Bay and other sensitive marine environments
- The GYRO system hopefully represents a stepping stone to further enhancing the science of protecting the Bay and the future of local, regional and global ocean observations.